Post Graduate Department of History
University of Kashmir

Syllabus
For
Masters Programme in History
(M.A)

Effective From
Academic Session 2012
## Scheme

### Total Semesters:

04

### Total Courses Offered:

18

## Courses Offered in Semester—I (2012)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Title</th>
<th>Title of the Course</th>
<th>Max. Marks (External)</th>
<th>Min. Marks (External)</th>
<th>Max. Marks (Internal)</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>HSO1T</td>
<td>History of Kashmir (From The Earliest Times Up To 1846)</td>
<td>80</td>
<td>32</td>
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<tr>
<td>HSO2T</td>
<td>Sources of Ancient Indian History</td>
<td>80</td>
<td>32</td>
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<td>HSO3T</td>
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<td>HSO4T</td>
<td>Modern India (1757-1857)</td>
<td>80</td>
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## Courses Offered in Semester—II (2012)

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<td>HSO5T</td>
<td>History of Kashmir Since 1846</td>
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<td>HSO6T</td>
<td>Ancient India (From Pre-History To Mauryas)</td>
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<td>HSO7T</td>
<td>Political and Administrative History of Medieval India</td>
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<td>HSO8T</td>
<td>Modern India: Polity, Economy and Society (1858-1947)</td>
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### Courses Offered in Semester–III (2013)

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<td>HS09T</td>
<td>Historiography (From earliest Times up to Nineteenth century)</td>
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<td>HS010T</td>
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<td>Ancient India (From Post-Mauryas Up To Guptas)</td>
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<td>HS013T</td>
<td>Indian National Movement</td>
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### Courses Offered in Semester–IV (2013)

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<td>HS014T</td>
<td>Twentieth-Century Historiography</td>
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<td>HS018T</td>
<td>India After Independence (1947-1970)</td>
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<td>HS019T</td>
<td>Project Work</td>
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Semester First                                                                 Course NO: HS0IT

History of Kashmir from the Earliest Times up to (1846)

UNIT-I

A. Sources: Archaeological and Literary sources of Ancient Kashmir
B. Pre-Historic Kashmir
C. Early Historic Period: Kashmir’s Contacts with the Neighbouring World and the Growth of Kashmir Culture up to A.D 5th Century.

UNIT-II (Huns to Loharas)

A. Huns and Karkotas: Empire Building; Major Developments.
B. Utpalas: Economic and Cultural Developments

UNIT-III (Sultanate Period)

A. Sources
D. Changes in Economy, Society and Culture under the Sultans.

UNIT-IV (Mughals to Sikhs)

A. Kashmir under the Mughals: Sources; Strategies of Control: Stick and Carrot Policy; Administrative Measures; Changes in Economy, Society and Culture; Garden Making and Architecture.
B. Kashmir under Afghans and Sikhs: Sources; Taxation, Drain of Wealth, Oppression and Poverty, State and Religion, Immigrations and Settlements.

Suggested Readings:

- Agarwal, D. P., Paleoclimatic Data from Kashmir. A synthesis and co-relation: Paleoclimatic and paleo-environmental changes in Asia; the last four million years, New Delhi, 1988.
- Carnac, Richard, Word of Lala, the Prophetess, 2003.
- Hassan, Mohib-ul-, Kashmir under Sultans, Delhi, 1959.
- Khan, M. Isaq, Kashmir's transition to Islam: The role of Muslim Rishi’s, fifteenth to eighteenth century, Manohar Publishers & Distributors, 1994.
Sources of Ancient Indian History

Unit-I

A. Archaeology
   I. Archaeology and its Significance
   II. Exploration, Excavation, Recording and Dating Operation.
   III. Archaeological Sites and Finds

B. Monuments
   I. Religious
   II. Secular

Unit-II

A. Epigraphy
   I. Classification and Dating of Inscriptions
   II. Study of Early Indian Inscriptions.

B. Numismatics
   I. Evolution and Growth of Coinage; Punch Marked Coins, Indo-Greek, Kushan and Gupta Coins
   II. Coins as Sources of Information

Unit-III

   Literary Sources
   I. Classification of Literary Sources: Language, Genre, and Content
   II. The Vedas, Epics, Puranas, and Dharmastra
   III. The Buddhist and Jain Literature
   IV. Sangam Literature
   V. Secular Literature
VI. The Account of Foreign Writers

Unit-IV

I. Source Criticism- Internal and External Criticism with Illustrations from Relevant Sources

II. Relative Significance of the Variety of Sources

III. Perceptions of the Past; Reading of the Source Texts and the Perceptions of the Past.

Selected Readings

- B.N.Mukherjee, 1997. The Techniques of Minting Coins in Ancient and Medieval India.
- D.D.Kosambi., Indian Numismatics, ed. B.D.Chattopadhyaya
- Sharma, R. S., 2005, India’s Ancient Past, Oxford University Press.
- Sreedharan, E., 2009, A Textbook of Historiography. Orient Blackswan,
- Srivastava, K. M, New Era of Indian Archaeology, Cosmo Publication, New Delhi.
➢ Thapar, Romila, Interpreting Early India, Delhi, 1999. Oxford University Press.
➢ Thapar, Romila, Interpreting Early India, New Delhi, 1992.
Semester First                                                                 Course NO: (HS03T)

Sources of Medieval India

UNIT-I

I. Significance of the Medieval Period in the History of Historiography.
II. Main Features of Medieval Indian Historiography
III. Varieties of Sources and their Relative Significance;
IV. Source Criticism
V. Receptions of Sources: Colonial, Communal, Nationalist, Progressive, Empire-Centric and Region-Centric Reading of Sources.

UNIT-II

Literary Sources of the Sultanate: Vijayanagara and Bahmani Period

I. Chronicles
II. Travelogues
III. Religious Literature, Malfuz Literature, Tazkiras, and Religious Poetry
IV. Secular Poetry

UNIT-III

Literary Sources of Mughal Period

I. Chronicles
II. Biographies & Autobiographies
III. Travel Accounts
IV. Factor Records
V. Administrative and the Revenue Documents
VI. Religious Literature
VII. Normative Literature
VIII. Poetry
UNIT-IV

Non-literary sources (Archaeological, Epigraphical and Numismatic Sources, Paintings and other Cultural Artifacts)

I. Sultanate
II. Vijayanagara
III. Bahmani
IV. Mughals

Suggested Readings:

- Alam, Muzafar, 2006, Languages of Political Islam in India, Permanent Black New Delhi,
- Dowson and Eliot, 1964, History of India as told by its own Historians, New Delhi.
- Habib Mohammad, 1952, Introduction to Eliot and Dowson’s History of India as told by its own Historians, Aligarh.
- Hardy Peter, 1966, Historians of Medieval India, London.
- Hassan Mohibul (ed), 1968, Historians of Medieval India, Meenakshi Prakashan Meerut.
- Nazami K.A., (Reprint 2009), Supplement to Eliot and Dowson’s History of India as told by its own Historians, Idara-e-Adabiya Delhi, New Delhi.
- Rizvi S.A.A., 1975, Religious and Intellectual History of Muslims in Akbar’s Reign with Special Reference to Abul Fazl, Caneberra.
- Rizvi S.A.A., 1978, History of Sufism in India (Two Volumes) Munshiram Manohar Lal Publisher Delhi.
- Sharma Sunil, 2066, Persian Poetry on Indian Frontier, Masud Saad Salman Of Lahore, Permanent Black.
MODERN INDIA-I (1757-1857)

UNIT-I
A. Perspectives on Modern India: A Conceptual Debate
B. Eighteenth Century India:
   I. Indian Polity in mid-Eighteenth Century
   II. Emergence of Regional Powers
   III. European Colonial Powers: Struggle for Hegemony
   IV. Foundation of the British Rule: Debate.

UNIT-II  British Empire in India
A. The Imperial Ideology:
   I. Liberalism and the Empire
   II. Orientalism and Utilitarianism
B. Instruments of Expansion: War and Diplomacy
C. Apparatus of Rule: Structures and Institutions
D. Parliament and the Empire: Constitutional Development
E. Foreign and Frontier Policy

UNIT-III  Impact of British Rule
A. The Colonial Economy:
   I. Phases and Features;
   II. Drain of Wealth and Decline of indigenous industries
   III. Agrarian Settlements: Permanent Settlement; Ryotwari Settlement and Mahalwari Settlement
B. Rise and Growth of Modern Education: Macaulay’s Minute and Wood’s Dispatch
C. Socio-Religious Reform Movements
UNIT-IV   Resistance to British Rule

A. Nature and Forms of Resistance

B. Major Peasant and Tribal Uprisings

C. 1857: Rebellion, Collaboration and the Transition to Crown Raj

Suggested Readings

- Chandra, Bipin, 1979, Nationalism and Colonialism in Modern India. New Delhi: Orient Longman.
- Cohn, Bernard, 1966, Colonialism and its forms of Knowledge, Oxford University Press.
- Dutt, R.C., 1956, Economic History of India under Early British Rule, London.
- Dutt, R.P.1949, India Today, Bombay
- Ludden, David, Reading Subaltern Studies, Permanent Black.
- Thompson and Garret, 1976, Rise and Fulfillment of British Rule in India, Allahabad.
History OF Kashmir

UNIT-I

A. The Foundation of Jammu and Kashmir State:
   II. Governance under the Maharajas
   III. British Policy Towards Kashmir.

B. Change under Colonial Order:
   I. Traditional Economy- A Brief Survey;
   II. Changes: Agrarian changes; Impact on Craft Industry, Means of Communication and Trade; Tourism Industry
   III. Administrative Reorganization; Education; Health Care, Demographic Changes
   IV. Rise of Middle Class; Press; Socio-Religious Movements.

UNIT-II Struggle for Freedom-I

A. Mass Discontent: Causes

B. Resistance: Silent Protests; Uprisings: The Shawl Baf Revolt; The Silk Factory Revolt; The Role of Non-Resident Kashmiris (NRKs); The Memorandum to Lord Reading; The Reading Room Party, The Uprising of 1931; Glancy Commission; Roti Agitation; The Institutionalization of Protest: Formation of Muslim Conference, its Nature and Role

UNIT-III Struggle for Freedom-II

A. Conversion of Muslim Conference to National Conference: Causes, Significance and Role of the Conference

B. Role of Indian Political Parties in Kashmir’s Freedom Struggle.

C. Plural Politics; National Conference, Muslim Conference, Left Parties, Statusquoists

UNIT-IV

A. Kashmir Dispute- Origin and its Chequered History

C. Policy of Integration and Reaction: Instruments of Integration; Plebiscite Movement

D. Militancy: Debate on its Emergence

**Suggested Readings:**

- Thorp, Robert, Cashmere Misgovernment, Calcutta: Wyman Brothers, 1868.
Semester Second Course NO:(HS06T)

Ancient India from Pre-History to Mauryas

Unit-I

A. Pre-History
I. Stone Age Hunters and Gatherers; Paleolithic and Mesolithic Cultures
II. Early Farming Communities; Neolithic Village Cultures
III. Technology and Economy in Pre-Historic India

B. Proto-History
I. Chalcolithic Cultures
II. Bronze Age and the First Urbanization: Harappan Culture–Debate on the Emergence of Harappan Civilization, Chronology, Features, Decline and Legacy

Unit-II

A. Introduction of Iron
I. The Iron Debate

B. Aryans
I. The Aryan Debate
II. India on the Eve of Aryans,
III. Early Vedic Age- Economy, Polity, Society and Culture
IV. Later Vedic Period: Changes and Continuity.

Unit-III

A. Janapadas and Mahajanpadas
I. Formation of State: Monarchical and Republican
II. Iranian and Macedonian Invasions and their Impact
B. Religious Dissent

I. Dissent and Protest: the Context of Heterodox Religions; Jainism, Buddhism and Ajivikism – their philosophy, Spread and implications

C. Second Urbanization;

I. Urban Centers, Society and Economy.

Unit-IV

A. Mauryas

I. Empire and Administration: Empire Building; Imperial Organisation.
II. The Mauryan state: Kautilya on State and Governance; Socio-Economic Basis, Nature and Functions, Administrative Institutions, Foreign Relations.
III. Social Tensions; Ashoka’s Dhamma
IV. Decline of the Mauryan Empire
V. Perspectives on Mauryan Legacy.

B. South India

I. Sangam Age: Society and Culture
II. Satavahana, Cheras, Cholas and Pandyas: Polity, Economy, Society and Culture

Selected Readings:

- Basham A L, 1975 A cultural History of India, Oxford University press.,
- Basham, A. L., 2004, The Wonder that was India, Picador.
- Battacharjee, Arun, History of Ancient India.
- Bongard-Levin, G.M., Mauryan India, Delhi, 1983.
- Chakravarti, Ranabir, Trade and Traders in Early India, Manohar, Delhi, 2002.
- Dhar, S. N., Kautitya’s Arthashastra


Kosambi, D.D., An Introduction to the Study of Indian History (Bombay, 1956).


Kulkarni, C., Ancient Indian History and Culture.

Kulke Herman, Rothermund Dietmar, A History of India, Routlege Australia, 1986.


Luniya, B. N., Evolution of Indian Culture.

Luniya, B. N., Life and Culture in Ancient India

Majumdar, R. C., Ancient India.


Nilkanth Shastri, N. A., Age of the Nandas and Mauryas.

Pankaj, N. Q., State and Religion in Ancient India.


Ratnagar Shereen, Understanding Harappa, Tulika publishing New Delhi, 2001.

Rawal, A. J., Indian Society, Religion and Mythology

Raychaudhuri H, Political History of Ancient India, Oxford University press, 1923.

Raychaudry, S. S., Socio-Economic and Cultural History of India

Sahu, B. P. 2006, Iron and Social Change in Early India. New Delhi: Oxford University Press


Sharma, R. S., 2001, Advent of the Aryans in India, Manohar.

Sharma, R. S., 2005, India’s Ancient Past, Oxford University Press.

Sharma, R.S, Material Culture and Social Formations in Ancient India, 1983.

Sharma, R.S., Aspects of Political Ideas and Institutions in Ancient India, Mac Millan, New Delhi, 1983

Sharma, R.S., The State and Varna Formation in the Mid-Ganga Plains, Manohar Publications, New Delhi, 1996

Sharma, Ram Sharan, Advent of the Aryans in India, Manohar, Delhi, 1999.

Sharma, Ram Sharan: Social Changes in Early Medieval India (c.AD 500-1200), 1969.


Stein, Burton, ed. Essays on South India, Delhi, 1975, Vikas.

Thapar, Romila Asoka and the Decline of the Mauryas, Oxford University Press.


Thapar, Romila, From Lineage to State, Oxford University Press, 1984

Thapar, Romila, History of India-Vol-I.

Thapar, Romila, Interpreting Early India, Delhi, 1999. Oxford University Press.
- Tripathi, R. S., History of Ancient India
Semester Second                                                                 Course NO: (HS07T)

**Political and Administrative History of Medieval India**

**UNIT-I**

A. The Dawn of Medieval Era in Indian History: Debate

I. Turkish Conquest: India on the Eve of Turkish Conquest and its Significance; Foundation and Expansion of Sultanate

III. Challenge and Response: Internal and External Problems and the Response of the Sultans.

IV. Medieval Indian Political Theories: A Study of Barani, Fakhri Mudabir and Isami;

B. State and Government in Delhi Sultanate: Authority Structure; Nature of State; Nobility: Composition, Position & Role under Different Dynasties; Administrative Apparatus; Central, Provincial and Village Administration;

C. Decline and the Rise of Regional Powers

**UNIT-II**

A. South India

I. Historiography of Vijayanagra Empire

II. Foundation and Expansion of Vijayanagra Empire, Contribution of different Dynasties; Administration; Nature of State – Debate; Decline

III. Foundation and Expansion of Bahmani Kingdom; Administrative System; Nobility: Composition, Position & Role

**UNIT-III**

A. The Mughal Empire

I. Nature of Mughal State – Debate

II. Monarchy and Theory of Mughal Sovereignty

III. Nobility- Composition and Role

IV. Administrative System: Central, Provincial and Village Administration

V. Steel Frame of Empire – Jagirdari and Mansabdari System
VI State and Zamindars

VII Frontier Policy and Deccan Policy of Mughals

UNIT-IV

Decline of Mughal Empire and Rise of Regional Powers

I. Internal Revolts During the Period of Aurangzeb - Nature

II. Decline of Mughal Empire - Debate

III. Marathas: Foundation and Expansion of Swaraj by Shivaji and Contribution of Raja Ram, Maratha Confederacy; Role of Peshwas; Administrative System

IV. Eighteenth Century in Indian History – Debate

Suggested Readings:

- Chandra Satish, 2003, Medieval India, Orient Blackswan, New Delhi.
- Habib and Nizami, Comprehensive History of India Vol. V., Indian History Congress.
- Habibullah A.B.M., 1945, The Foundation of Muslim rule In India Lahore.
- Hassan Ibn-e, 1900, The Central Structure of Mughal Empire, Munshimanohar Lal Publishers New Delhi.
- Hassan Nurul. S, State Society and Religion in Medieval India.
- Hussain, Mahdi, History of Tughluqs, Allahabad.
- Jackson Peter, The Delhi Sultanate, Cambridge University Press.
- Krishna Nobru, A Concordance of Naykas.
- Nigam S.B.P., 1968, Nobility Under the Sultans of Delhi, Munshi Ram Manoharlal New Delhi.
- Nizami K.A. Some Aspects of Religion and Politics in 13th Century India
- Quershi I.H, The Mughal Government, Karachi
- Sarkar J.N, 1961, Shavaji and his Times Sarvar and Sons Calcutta.
- Sastri N.K. A History of South India, Oxford University Press.
- Sidiqui Iqtidar Hussain, Authority and Kingship Under the Sultans of Delhi, O.U.P. New Delhi.
- Stein Burton, Peasant State and Society in Medieval South India,
- Tripathi R.P., 1956, Rise and Fall of Mughal Empire, Allahabad.
Modern India—Economy, Polity and Society (1858-1947)

UNIT-I  The Colonial State
I. New Administrative Setup After 1857
II. Princely States: Indirect Rule in Theory and Practice
III. Consolidation of the Raj: Foreign and Frontier Policy

UNIT-II Economy under the Raj-I
I. New Mechanisms of Economic Drain
II. Railways and Indian Economy: Compulsions; Development and Impact
III. The De-Industrialization Debate
IV. Commercialization of Agriculture
V. Famines and Famine Policy
VI. Tribal Society and Colonial Economy

UNIT-III Economy under the Raj-II
I. Indian Capitalist Development
II. Changing Nature of External Trade: Over-Seas Trade and Balance of Payment; Industrial and Financial Capital
III. Fiscal System and Price Movements
IV. Monetary Policies and Credit System

UNIT – IV Social and Cultural Reforms
I. Colonial Social Policy After 1858
II. Modern Education
III. Growth of Middle Class
IV. Revivalist and Reform Movements in the Late Nineteenth Century
V. Press and Public Opinion
VI. Emancipation of Women

**Suggested Readings:**

- Bandyopadhyay, Shekhar, 2004, From Plassey to Partition, Orient Longman.
- Bhattacharya, Neeladari, Essays on Commercialization of Agriculture.
- Chandra, Bipin, 1979, Nationalism and Colonialism in Modern India. New Delhi: Orient Longman.
- Chatterji, B., 1992, Trade, Tariffs and Empire, Oxford University Press.
- Copland, Ian, 1982, The British Raj and Indian Princes, Orient Longman.
- Dutt, R. P., 1949, India Today, Bombay.
- Dutt, R. C., 1903, Economic History of India in the Victorian Age, London.
Semester Third 

Course NO: (HS09T)

Historiography upto Nineteenth Century

UNIT-I

A. Ancient Historiography: Greek, Roman and Chinese
B. Medieval Historiography:
   I. European Historiography
   II. Muslim Historiography; Ibn Khaldun

UNIT-II

Modern Western Historiography:

I. The Impact of Renaissance and Scientific Revolution on Historiography
II. Vico’s Contribution
III. Eighteenth Century Enlightenment and its impact on Historiography

UNIT-III

I. The Romanticism and the Romanticist Historiography
II. Philosophy of History-Hegel
III. Nationalist-Literary-Historiography

UNIT-IV

I. “Scientific” History: Niebuhr and Ranke
II. Positivism: August Comte, Buckle; The Impact of Positivism on Historiography
III. Karl Marx: The Materialistic Interpretation of History

Suggested Readings:

- Black and Macraida, studying History,
- Blackwell, Dictionary of Historians,
- Bloch, M., The Historians’s Craft, New York, 1953
- Burke, P., *History and Social Theory*, Ithaca, N.Y., 1993
- Butterfield, Dictionary of the History of Ideas,
- Geertz, C., *The Interpretation of Cultures*, New York, 1973
- Haddock, introduction to Historical Thought,
- Hughes- Warrington, Fifty key Thinkers in History,
- Marwick, Nature of History,
- Rosenthal, Dictionary of the History of Ideas,
- Spiegel, G.M., “History, Historicism and the Social Logic of the Text in the Middle Ages”,
- Thompson and Holm, History of Historical Writing,
MODERN WORLD-I

UNIT-I

A. Beginnings of Modern Era
   I. Decline of Feudalism
   II. The Crisis of the Western Church
   III. Emergence of Middle Class
   IV. Renaissance and Reformation
   V. Economic origins of the Modern Western World: Mercantilism, Overseas Exploration, Commercial Revolution, Enlightenment, Beginning of Colonialism

UNIT-II

The Democratic and National Movements and Revolutions

I. Nationalism and Nation States
II. The English Revolution of 1688
III. Emergence and growth of Democracy: Growth of Party System and Constitutional Reforms
IV. The American Revolution
V. The French Revolution

UNIT-III

Consolidation of Large Nation States

I. The Unification of Italy
II. The Unification of Germany
UNIT-IV

I. Technological Revolutions; Agriculture Revolution; Industrial Revolution

II. Socialist and Labour Movements in Europe

Suggested Readings:

- Carr H E, 1967, International Relations Between two World Wars, McMillan USA.
- Droz Jacques, 1967, Europe Between Revolutions, 1815-1848, USA.
- Emerson, R., 1962, From Empire to Nation: The Rise to Self-Assertion of Asian and African
- Ganshoff, F.L, 1964, Feudalism, UK.
- Gershoy Leo, 1964, The French Revolution and Napoleon, the University of Michigan.
- Grant, Temperly, 1985, Europe in 19th and 20th Century, Longman USA.
- Manthoux Paul, 1961, The Industrial Revolution in the 18th Century, UK.
- McAlavay T, 1996, Modern World History: International Relations from the First World War
- Peoples, Boston MA: Beacon Press.
- Schulze, H., 1998, States, Nations and Nationalism: From the Middle Ages to the Present,
Semester Third  Course NO: (HS011T)

From Post- Mauryas upto Guptas

Unit-I

A. Interaction and Innovation

II. Central Asian Contacts: Indo-Greeks, Sakas, Pallavas and Kushans: Socio-Economic and cultural Impact

B. State Formation in Central India and in the Deccan

I. Satvahanas and Western Kshatrapas
II. Society in Early Historical South India; Northern Impact
III. Land-Grants and Agricultural Expansion
IV. Non-Agrarian Economy; Craft production, Trade; Trade Routes, Urban growth and the Role of Guilds

Unit-II Age of the Guptas

I. Perspectives on Gupta Age
II. Political Consolidation-Extent and Administrative Structure
III. Agrarian and Non-Agrarian Economy
IV. Socio-Religious Milieu
V. Science and Technology
VI. Art, Architecture and Literature

Unit-III Emergence of Regional States

I. Vakatas, Pallavas and Chalukyas: Polity, Economy, Society, Religion and Art
II. Harsha: Empire Building Administrative Institutions, State of Buddhism

UNIT-IV

I. State Formation in South: Polity, Administration, Economy and Culture under Cholas
II. Transition from Ancient to Medieval: Polity, Economy, Society, Culture

Selected Readings:

- Balambal, V. K., Study in Chola History.
- Battacharjee, Arun, History of Ancient India.
- Chakrabarti, Ranabir, Trade and Traders in Early India, Manohar, 2002
- Champakalakshmi, R., Trade, Ideology and Urbanization, OUP, 1996
- Champakalakshmi, R., Trade, Ideology and Urbanization: South India 300 BC to AD 1300, OUP, Delhi, 1996.
- Chattopadhyaya, B.D., Aspects of Rural Settlements and Rural Society in Early Medieval India, OUP, 2005
- Kosambi, D.D., An Introduction to the Study of Indian History (Bombay, 1956).
- kulkarni, C., Ancient Indian History and Culture.
- Luniya, B. N., Evolution of Indian Culture.
- Luniya, B. N., Life and Culutre in Ancient India
- Majumdar, R. C., Ancient India.
- Pankaj, N. Q., State and Religion in Ancient India.
- Rawal, A. J., Indian Society, Religion and Mythology
- Raychaudry, S. S., Socio-Economic and Cultural History of India
- Sahu, B.P., ed., Land System and Rural Society in Early Medieval India.
- Sahu, Bhairabi Prasad, ed., Iron and Social Change in Early India. OUP, Delhi, 2006.
- Sarkar, D. C., Political and Administrative Systems of Ancient and Medieval India.
- Sharma, R.S., Aspects of Political Ideas and Institutions in Ancient India, Mac Millan, New Delhi, 1983
- Sharma, R.S., Material Culture and Social Formations in Ancient India, Mac Millan, New Delhi, rpt. 1990
- Sharma, Ram Sharan, The State and Varna Formation in the Mid-Ganga Plains: An Ethnoarchaeological View, Manohar, Delhi, 1996.
- Sharma, Ram Sharan: Social Changes in Early Medieval India (c.AD 500-1200), 1969.
- Singh Bhatia, O. P., Imperial Guptas
- Smith, Bardwell, Essays on Gupta Culture, Delhi, 1986.
- Stein, Burton, ed. Essays on South India, Delhi, 1975, Vikas.
- Stein, Burton, Peasant State and Society in Medieval South India Oxford University Press, 1980.
- Thapar, Romila Asoka and the Decline of the Mauryas, Oxford University Press.
- Thapar, Romila, From Lineage to State, Oxford University Press, 1984
- Thapar, Romila, History of India-Vol-I.
- Thapar, Romila, Interpreting Early India, Delhi, 1999. Oxford University Press.
- Tripathi, R. S., History of Ancient India
- Veluthat, Kesavan: The Early Medieval in South India, OUP, Delhi, 2008.
- Veluthat, Kesavan, The Political Structure of Early Medieval South India, Delhi, 1993.
Semester Third  Course NO: (HS012T)

Economic History of Medieval India

UNIT-I Economy of Delhi Sultanate

I. Indian Economy on the Eve of Turkish Conquest

II. Economic Consequences of Turkish Conquest of India – Debate

Agrarian Economy

I. Agricultural Production and Technology and the Role of State in Promotion of Agriculture

II. Agrarian Taxation

III. Revenue Assignments, Grants and Customary Rights

IV. Rural Society: Classes; Characteristics of Village Community

Non Agrarian Economy

I. Crafts and Urbanization: Major Crafts- Rural and Urban; Production Relations; Urban Development; Currency

UNIT-II

A. Internal and External Trade: Pattern and Direction of Trade; Major Trading Centers Commodity Structure; Communication, Trading Communities; Banking; State and Trade,

B. South India

I. Vijayanagra Economy: Agrarian and Non-Agrarian; Urbanization

II. Dawn of Era of Armed Trade: Portuguese penetration in Indian Ocean and its Impact

UNIT-III Economic History of Mughal India

A. Agrarian Economy: Agrarian Production & Technology; Agrarian Taxation-Methods of Assessment and Collection; Revenue Assignments, Grants and Customary Rights; Village Community and Agrarian Crises

B. Agrarian Economy of the Marathas and Deccani States

C. Crafts and Urbanization: Major Industries; Organization; Technology and Barriers to Technological Growth; Urbanization
UNIT-IV

A. **Trade and Commerce**

I. Commercial Policy of Mughals;

II. Internal Trade: Inter-Regional Trade, Commodity Structure, Means of Communication, Trading Communities, Customs and Transit Dues;

III. External Trade: Overland Trade, Over-Seas Trade; Balance of Trade

IV. Market and Merchant Capital: Banking, Currency and Insurance

V. Potentialities of Capitalist Developments in Mughal India

B. Non-Agrarian Economy of The Marathas and Deccani States

C. Eighteenth Century in Indian Economy – Debate

**Suggested Readings:**

- Alvi, Seem(eds), 2007, The Eighteenth Century in India, Debates in Indian History and Society, Permanent Book, New Delhi.
- Habib Irfan, Agrarian System of Mughal India (1556-1707), New Delhi.
- Hassan.S. Nurul, 1971, Thoughts on Agrarian Relations in Mughal India, New Delhi.
- Naqvi Hamida Khatoon, 1968, Urban Centers and Industries in upper India (1556-1803), Bombay.
- Roy and Bagchi, Technology in Ancient and Medieval India, Delhi.
Sidiqui Noaman Ahmad, 1970, Land Revenue Administration, Bombay.
Singh Chetan, 1993, Regional and Empire, A study of Mughal Subah of Punjab, O.U.p New Delhi.,
Stein Burton, 1976, Essays on South India, Delhi.
Stein Burton, 1980, Peasant State and Society in Medieval South India, New Delhi,
Subramaniyam Sanjay, 1994, Money and the Market in India (1100-1700), Delhi.
Semester Third

Course NO: (HS013T)

Indian National Movement

UNIT-I
I. Indian Nationalism: Perspectives and Interpretations
II. Genesis of Political Consciousness
III. Foundation of Indian National Congress: Debate
IV. Role of Early Nationalists
V. Rise of Extremism and the Swadeshi Movement
VI. Response to Indian Nationalism: Policy of Divide and Rule
VII. Muslim Politics and the Foundation of Muslim league
VIII. World War-I and the Indian Nationalism: Ghadar Party and Home Rule League
IX. Constitutional Developments (1858-1919)

UNIT-II The Age of Gandhian Politics
I. Aftermath of First World War and Gandhi’s Rise to Power
II. The Nation and Nationalistic Struggle according to Gandhi
III. Khilafat and Non-Cooperation Movements
IV. The Years of Stagnation: Swarajists; No-Changers; and Gandhi
V. Civil Dis-Obedience Movement

UNIT- III
A. The Government of India Act, 1935
B. Colonialism and Indian Response
I. The Congress Ministries
II. State’s Peoples Movements
III. World War-II and Indian Politics- Cripps Mission and Quit India Movement
IV. Post-War Struggle and Cabinet Mission

C. The Phases and Features of Freedom Struggle (1935-1947)

D. Freedom and Partition - Debate

UNIT-IV Many Voices of A Nation

I. Hindu and Muslim Communalism

II. Non-Brahmin and Dalit Protest

III. Business and Politics

IV. Communists and Congress Socialists

V. Working Class Movements

VI. Women’s Participation

Suggested Readings:

- Dutt, R. P., 1949, India Today, Bombay.
- Guha, Ranajit, 1989, Subaltern Studies: Writings on South Asian History and Society, Oxford University Press.
- Keith, A. B., 2008, A Constitutional History of India, City Book Centre.
- Kumar, K., 1988, Congress and Classes: Nationalism, Workers and Peasants, Manohar.


Twentieth-Century Historiography

UNIT-I

Constructionist/Re-Constructionist Approaches to History

I. Croce and Collingwood
II. E. H. Carr on “What is History”
III. American Relativists: J. B. Robinson, Beard and Carl Becker
IV. *Science humane* and Total-History: French Annalists
V. Conservative Empiricists: Elton, Kitson Clark, Marwick, A. J. P. Taylor, Trevor Roper

UNIT-II

I. Revisionists: Neo-Marxist School- Antonio Gramsci, E. P. Thompson, Christopher Hill.
II. Renewed Interest in the Philosophy of History- Spenglar, Decline of the West; Toynbee- Critique on Western Historiography; Rise and Fall of Civilizations
III. Kuhnian-Popperian- Debate
IV. Interdisciplinary Affiliations

UNIT-III

Deconstructionist Approach

I. Foucault
II. The Linguistic Turn
III. Hayden White
IV. Keith Jenkins
V. Critique on Post-Modernism.

UNIT-IV

I. New Historicism
II. Subaltern Historiography

Suggested Readings:

- Berkhofer, R., Beyond the Great Story: History as Text and Discourse, Cambridge, Mass., 1995
- Blackwell, Dictionary of Historians,
- Darnton, R., The Great Cat Massacre and Other Episodes in French Cultural History (Allen Lane, 1984).
- Elton, G., The Practice of History; London, 1969 (first Published 1967)
- Gardiner, J., ed., What is History today?, Basingstoke, 1988
- Geertz, C., The Interpretation of Cultures, New York, 1973
- Haddock, introduction to Historical Thought,
- Hughes- Warrington, Fifty key Thinkers in History,
- Interpretation of Cultures: Selected Essays by Clifford Geertz (Hutchinson, 1975).
Marwick, Introduction to History,
Quentin Skinner, ed., Return of Grand Theory in the Human Sciences,
Rabinow, P., ed., The Foucault Reader, New York, 1984
Rosenthal, Dictionary of the History of Ideas,
Sreedharan, E., 2009, A Textbook of Historiography. Orient Blackswan,
Stern, F., ed., The Varieties of History from Voltaire to the present London, 1970 (first published 1956)
Thomson, E. P., Customs in Common, London, 1993
Tuchman, B., practicing History, New York, 1981
MODERN WORLD-II

UNIT-I

A. Legacy of The Nineteenth Century
   I. Growth of Capitalism and Imperialism: U.K, France, Germany and Japan
   II. Liberalism and Socialism
   III. Nationalism

B. World Order Up To 1919
   II. Making of the Russian Revolution: Establishment of a Socialist State, Economic and Political aspects, Responses and Reactions in the West

UNIT-II

World Between The Two Wars

I. Working of the League of Nation and Collective Security: Crisis in Capitalism, Great Depression, Liberal Ideas and Social Movements, Emergence & Ideologies of Nazism and Fascism, Germany, Italy.

UNIT-III

A. Second World War and The New Political Order
   I. Origin, Nature and Result of the war
   II. Nationalist Movements and De-Colonization
   III. Communist Revolution in China and Its impact on World Politics

B. Cold War and Its Effects
   I. Ideological and Political basis of Cold War: Pacts and Treaties, Tensions and Rivalries
   II. Non-Aligned Movement and the Third World
   III. U.N.O and the Concept of World Peace: Regional Tensions-Palestine, Kashmir, Cuba, Korea and Vietnam

UNIT-IV

A. Age of Progress: Economic and Social
   I. Industry, Agriculture, Science and Technology, Communication and Information Cultural Revolution, Civil Rights Movement, Apartheid and Feminism

B. Dis-Integration of Socialist Block and The End of Cold War
I. Genesis and process of Dis-integration: Impact on Society and Politics
II. Changes in the Political and Economic order; from Bi-Polar to Unipolar World system
III. Socialism in decline; Globalization and its Economic and Political Impact.

Suggested Readings:

- Callinicos Alex, 1988, Imperialism and Global Political Economy, Cambridge, UK.
- Darryl C Thomas, 2001, The Theory and Practice of Third World Solidarity, USA.
- Duara Prasenjit, 2004, Decolonization: Perspectives from now and then, Routledge, USA.
- Emerson, R. 1962. From Empire to Nation: The Rise to Self-Assertion of Asian and African
- Etheringto Norman, 1984, Theories of Imperialism: War, Conquest and Capital, USA.
- Fay S B, 2004. The Origin of World War, free press UK,
- John Downing, 2011, Encyclopedia of Social Movement Media, USA.
- Langshaw Harold, 1925, Socialism: and the Historic Function of Liberalism, California.
- Leiss William, Macpherson C.B, 1988, Dilemmas of Liberalism and Socialism, Canada.
- Lendvai, P., Eagles, 1964, Nationalism and Communism, UK.
- Lenin I.V, 1930, The Imperialist War: The Struggle Against Social Chauvinism and Social Pacifism, USA.
- Muir, R., 1919, Nationalism and Internationalism, The New Europe, UK.
- Starhemberg, Prince E, 1942, Between Hitler And Mussolini, USA.
- Taylor AJ P, 1971, The Struggle for Mastery in Europe 1848-1918, Oxford University Press,
- Von Mises Ludwig, 1951, Socialism, USA.
Semester Fourth                          Course NO: (HS016T)

Major Themes of Ancient Indian History

UNIT-I.

Beyond Nation-Centric Bunkers: India and The Neighboring World;

India’s Contacts with West Asia, Central Asia, China and South East Asia; Mutual Influences.

UNIT-II. Religion and Society.

I.     Historiography of Ancient Social Order: Representations in the Contemporary Texts; Constructions in Modern texts
II.    Social Institutions in Ancient India: Varna; jati; Gotra; Pravara; Family, Marriage, Slavery;
III.   Women: Theory and Practice
IV.    Religion: Understanding and Interpretations of Various Religious Traditions and Dissents.

UNIT-III. Cultural History

I.     Educational Ideas and Institutions
II.    Contribution of India to Philosophy, Science and Mathematics
III.   Art and Architecture: Buddhist Architecture. Temple Architecture, Sculpture and Painting

UNIT-IV. Polity and Economy

I.     Stages in Polity
II.    Stages in Economy
III.   Feudalism Debate

Selected Readings:

- Altaker, A. S., Postion of Women in Hindu Civilization.
- Altokar, A. S., State and Government in Ancient India.
- Barnett, L. D., Antiquities of India.
- Battacharjee, Arun, History of Ancient India.
- Bose, D. N., Haldar, Hira, Lal, Tantras- Their Philosophy and Occult Secrets.
- Dodson, Michael S., Orientalism, Empire and National Culture: India, 1770-1880 Delhi, 2010 Foundation Books.
Edgarton W F, 1933, Ancient Egypt Ships and Shipping, UK.
Kulkarni, C., Ancient Indian History and Culture.
Luniya, B. N., Evolution of Indian Culture.
Nandi, R.N., State Formation, Agrarian Growth and Social Change in Feudal South India, Manohar, Delhi, 2001.
Pankaj, N. Q., State and Religion in Ancient India.
Rawal, A. J., Indian Society, Religion and mythology
Raychaudry, S. S., Socio-Economic and Cultural History of India
Roy, Kum, Kum, Women in Early Indian Societies.
Sarkar, D. C., Political and Administrative Systems of Ancient and Medieval India
Sharma, R. S., Indian Feudalism.
Sharma, R.S., Aspects of Political Ideas and Institutions in Ancient India, Mac Millan, New Delhi, 1983
Sharma, R.S., Indian Feudalism, 3rd edition, Macmillan India, Delhi, 2006.
Sharma, R.S., Light on Early Indian Society and Economy, 1966.
Sharma, R.S., Material Culture and Social Formations in Ancient India, Mac Millan, New Delhi, rpt. 1990
Sharma, Ram Sharan, The State and Varna Formation in the Mid-Ganga Plains: An Ethnoarchaeological View, Manohar, Delhi, 1996.
Sharma, Ram Sharan: Social Changes in Early Medieval India (c.AD 500-1200), 1969.
Thapar, Romila, From Lineage to State, Oxford University Press, 1984
Thapar, Romila, Interpreting Early India, Delhi, 1999. Oxford University Press.
Vishnovi, Savita, Economic status of women in ancient India.
Semester First
Course Title (HS017T)

Socio Cultural History of Medieval India

UNIT-I Society and Culture
A. Social Structure of Delhi Sultanate
I. Indian Social Structure on the Eve of Turkish Conquest
II. Social Structure under Sultans of Delhi, Classes Castes, Tribes, Rural and Urban Groups
III. Social Mobility
IV. Position of Women
V. Impact of Islam and Muslim Culture on Indian Society - An Overview
B. State and Religion
I. Origin, Development and Role of Sufism in Indian Society: Prominent Sufi Silsilas
II. Origin, Development and Role of Bhakti Movement, Schools of Bhakti

UNIT-II Art, Architecture and Learning
I. Architectural Development under Ilbaris, Khaljis, Tughluqs, Vijayanagra and Bahmanis
II. Features of Indo-Islamic Architecture
III. Music, Fine arts and Painting
IV. Development of Persian Language and literature with special reference to Masood Saad Salmaan of Lahore, Amir Khusrau and Amir Hassan Sijzi; Regional Languages
V. Education

UNIT-III Mughal India
A. Society
I. Social Structure of Mughal India: Classes, Castes and Groups, Rural-Urban Society and Rural-Urban Continuum

II. Position of Women

III. Social Mobility in Mughal India

B. Art & Architecture

I. The Mughal Architecture

II. Painting: Mughal and Rajput School, Music and Fine Arts

III. Learning and Literature: Persian Language at Zenith: Contribution of Mughal Poets and writers

IV. Regional Languages and Lingua Franca

V. System of Education: Centers of Learning Curricula and Role of State

VI. Trends in Composite Culture

UNIT-IV Religious Development

I. Sufism: Major Orders and Role

II. Bhakti Movement

III. Sikhism – Origin, Development, Teachings and Role

IV. Muslim Revivalist Movements and their Impact

V. Religious Policy of Mughals

Suggested Readings:

- Ahmad S.M., Azizu-din, 2005, Madrasa Education in India, Kanishaka publishers, New Delhi.
- Asher, Catherine and Tabolt Cynthia., India Before Europe, Cambridge University Press.
- Chandra, Satish, 2009, Medieval India, Orient Blackswan New Delhi.
- Friedman, Youhanna, 2000, Sheikh Ahmad Sirhindi, O.U.P. New Delhi.
- Grewal, J.S., the History of Sikhs.
- Habib, Irfan, 2000, Medieval India-I, Oxford University Press.
- Habib, Muhammad and Nizami, Khaliq Ahmad (ed), Comprehensive History of India, Vol V., Indian History Congress Delhi.
- Rizvi, S.A.A, Muslim Revivalist Movements in North India, Allahabad.
- Rizvi, S.A.A, The Wonder That was India, New Delhi.
- Sharma, Sunil, 2006, Persian Poetry on Indian Frontier-Masud Saad Salman of Lahore, Permanent Black.
- Tara, Chand, Influence of Islam on Indian Culture, Allahabad.
Semester Fourth  
Course Title (HS018T)

India after Independence- (1947-1970)

Unit-I
A. Pre-and Post-Independence India: Continuities and Discontinuities
   I. The Colonial Legacy
   II. National Movement and its Legacy
B. Consolidation of India as a Nation: The Language Problem and the Linguistic Re-
   Organization of the States
C. Contemporary South Asia and the Legacies of Partition.

UNIT – II
I. The Evolution of Constitution:
   II. Architecture of Constitution: Basic Features and Institutions
   III. Crisis of National Unity: Punjab, the North-East, and Kashmir
   IV. Foreign policy

UNIT- III
I. Parties and Politics
   II. Secularism and Democracy
   III. Hindu Nationalism and the Indian State
   IV. Caste, Untouchability, Anti–Caste Politics and Strategies
   V. Indian Women Since Independence

UNIT- IV
II. Planning and Industrialization

II. Land Reforms: Zamindari Abolition and Tenancy Reforms, Bhoodan Movement

Suggested Readings:

- Guha, Ramachandra. 2007. India After Gandhi. Picador India.
- Kothari, Rajni. Caste in Indian Politics. Gordon and Breach Publishing Group.
➢ Nilekani, Nandan, The Imagining India, Penguin Books
➢ Omvedt, Gail, 2008, Dalit Visions, Orient Longman.
➢ Vanaik, Achin and Rajeev Bhargava, ed., 2010, Understanding Contemporary India, Orient Blackswan.